

## 2,4-Dichloro-6-(8-quinolylamino-methylene)cyclohexa-2,4-dien-1-one methanol solvate

Takashi Shibahara,<sup>a,\*</sup> Masayuki Takahashi,<sup>a</sup> Atsushi Maekawa<sup>a</sup> and Hideaki Takagi<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Department of Chemistry, Okayama University of Science, Ridai-cho, Kita-ku, Okayama 700-0005, Japan, and <sup>b</sup>Department of International Conservation Studies for Cultural Properties, Kibi International University, Igamachi 8, Takahashi-shi, Okayama 716-8508, Japan  
Correspondence e-mail: shiba@chem.ous.ac.jp

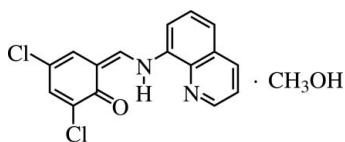
Received 18 December 2009; accepted 18 January 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 93\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.028;  $wR$  factor = 0.078; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.1.

The main molecule of the title methanol solvate,  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{10}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}\cdot\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ , exists in the keto form and the  $\text{C}=\text{O}$  and  $\text{N}-\text{H}$  bonds are mutually *cis* in the crystal structure. The dihedral angle between the quinoline and benzene rings is  $11.17(3)^\circ$ . A bifurcated intramolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots(\text{O},\text{N})$  hydrogen bond is present as well as an  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bond. In the crystal,  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  interactions link the 3,5-dichlorosalicylidene-8-aminoquinoline and methanol molecules.

### Related literature

For a related structure, see: Sakane *et al.* (2006).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{10}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}\cdot\text{CH}_3\text{O}$   
 $M_r = 349.22$   
Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

$a = 7.044(2)\text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 8.139(3)\text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 13.935(5)\text{ \AA}$

$\alpha = 88.030(11)^\circ$   
 $\beta = 80.205(9)^\circ$   
 $\gamma = 73.611(7)^\circ$   
 $V = 755.2(4)\text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 2$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.44\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 93\text{ K}$   
 $0.71 \times 0.24 \times 0.18\text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Rigaku Mercury diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*REQAB*; Jacobson, 1998)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.745$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.925$

7177 measured reflections  
3357 independent reflections  
3262 reflections with  $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.078$   
 $S = 1.01$   
3357 reflections

209 parameters  
H-atom parameters not refined  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.42\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.28\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O2—H14 $\cdots$ O1	0.82	1.95	2.7694 (14)	179
N2—H7 $\cdots$ O1	0.86	1.92	2.6094 (12)	137
N2—H7 $\cdots$ N1	0.86	2.28	2.6758 (13)	108
C8—H6 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.97	2.70	3.6425 (14)	166
C10—H8 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.98	2.27	3.2026 (13)	160

Symmetry code: (i)  $x, y + 1, z$ .

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 1999); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MSC, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR92* (Altomare *et al.*, 1994); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *CrystalStructure*; software used to prepare material for publication: *CrystalStructure*.

The authors thank the Japan Private School Promotion Foundation for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: PV2250).

### References

- Altomare, A., Burla, M. C., Camalli, M., Cascarano, G. L., Giacovazzo, C., Guagliardi, A., Moliterni, A. G. G., Polidori, G. & Spagna, R. (1999). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **32**, 115–119.
- Jacobson, R. (1998). *REQAB*. Private communication to the Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
- Rigaku (1999). *CrystalClear*. Rigaku Corporation, Tokyo, Japan.
- Rigaku/MSC (2007). *CrystalStructure*. Rigaku/MSC, The Woodlands, Texas, USA.
- Sakane, G., Kawasaki, H. & Shibahara, T. (2006). *Acta Cryst. E* **62**, o2736–o2737.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.

## **supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2010). E66, o429 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810002345]

## 2,4-Dichloro-6-(8-quinolylaminomethylene)cyclohexa-2,4-dien-1-one methanol solvate

T. Shibahara, M. Takahashi, A. Maekawa and H. Takagi

### Comment

In the present work, the title compound, (I), was prepared and its crystal structure determined, to explore the modification effect of Schiff base ligand on the fluorescence of metal complexes of 2-hydroxy-1-naphthaldehydene-8-aminoquinoline ( $C_{20}H_{14}N_2O$ ), (II) (Sakane *et al.*, 2006). The molecule of (I) (Fig. 1) exists in the keto form and the C=O and N—H bonds are mutually *cis* which is similar to that found in the structure of (II). In the structure of (I), N—H···O carbonyl and N—H···N pyridine intramolecular hydrogen bonds exist (Table 1). In addition, there is a formal intermolecular hydrogen-bonding association between the molecules of 3,5-dichlorosalicylidene-8-aminoquinoline and methanol solvate (Table 1 and Fig. 2).

### Experimental

Refluxing a suspension of 8-aminoquinoline (145 mg, 1.0 mmol) and 3,5-dichloro-salicylaldehyde (191 mg, 1.0 mmol) in methanol (3 ml) at 338 K for one hour gave vivid red powder. Slow evaporation of the supernatant solution gave vivid red plate like crystals of  $C_{16}H_{10}Cl_2N_2O$  (I). $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$ . Yield 302 mg (95%). Anal. Found: C, 58.03; H, 3.73; N, 8.21%. Calcd for  $C_{17}H_{14}N_2O_2$ : C, 58.47; H, 4.04; N, 8.02%.

### Refinement

The positions of all H atoms were located from difference maps and refined with restrained distances (N—H = 0.86 Å; C—H = 0.92–1.00 Å). The isotropic displacement parameters for H atoms were fixed at 1.2U<sub>eq</sub> of their carrier atoms.

### Figures

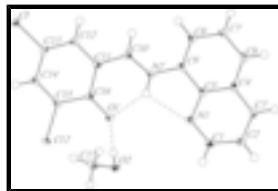


Fig. 1. Molecular configuration and atom-numbering scheme for (I). $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

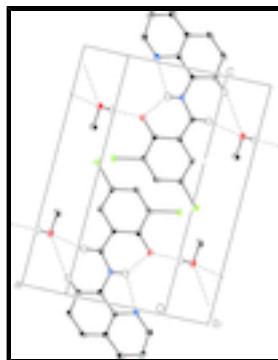


Fig. 2. Molecular packing of (I). $\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  in the unit cell.

# supplementary materials

---

## 2,4-Dichloro-6-(8-quinolylaminomethylene)cyclohexa-2,4-dien-1-one methanol solvate

### Crystal data

C <sub>16</sub> H <sub>10</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O·CH <sub>4</sub> O	Z = 2
M <sub>r</sub> = 349.22	F(000) = 360.00
Triclinic, PT	D <sub>x</sub> = 1.536 Mg m <sup>-3</sup>
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo K $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda$ = 0.71070 Å
a = 7.044 (2) Å	Cell parameters from 1999 reflections
b = 8.139 (3) Å	$\theta$ = 5.6–27.5°
c = 13.935 (5) Å	$\mu$ = 0.44 mm <sup>-1</sup>
$\alpha$ = 88.030 (11)°	T = 93 K
$\beta$ = 80.205 (9)°	Platelet, red
$\gamma$ = 73.611 (7)°	0.71 × 0.24 × 0.18 mm
V = 755.2 (4) Å <sup>3</sup>	

### Data collection

Rigaku Mercury diffractometer	3357 independent reflections
Radiation source: Mo K $\alpha$	3262 reflections with $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$
Detector resolution: 14.63 pixels mm <sup>-1</sup>	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$
$\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.5^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (REQAB; Jacobson, 1998)	$h = -8 \rightarrow 9$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.745$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.925$	$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
7177 measured reflections	$l = -18 \rightarrow 17$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	H-atom parameters not refined
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.043P)^2 + 0.4083P]$
	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$wR(F^2) = 0.078$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
$S = 1.01$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.42 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3357 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.28 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
209 parameters	

### Special details

**Geometry.** The dihedral angle between the quinoline (C1~C9, N1) and the benzene rings (C11~C16) is 11.17 (3)°: Mean deviations of the atoms from the former and latter planes are 0.014 and 0.004 Å, respectively.

**Refinement.** Refinement was performed using all reflections. The weighted R-factor ( $wR$ ) and goodness of fit ( $S$ ) are based on  $F^2$ . R-factor (gt) are based on  $F$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2.0 \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating R-factor (gt).

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl(2)	1.24813 (4)	0.00187 (3)	0.581434 (19)	0.01543 (8)
Cl(1)	1.28180 (4)	0.62464 (3)	0.452063 (19)	0.01392 (8)
O(1)	1.03744 (12)	0.19010 (10)	0.76600 (6)	0.01351 (16)
O(2)	0.81786 (14)	-0.04501 (11)	0.77301 (6)	0.01778 (18)
N(1)	0.83476 (14)	0.24199 (12)	1.01752 (7)	0.01204 (18)
N(2)	0.88903 (14)	0.46400 (12)	0.87656 (7)	0.01041 (17)
C(1)	0.80423 (17)	0.13097 (15)	1.08523 (9)	0.0146 (2)
C(2)	0.68177 (18)	0.17741 (16)	1.17744 (8)	0.0161 (2)
C(3)	0.59125 (17)	0.34651 (16)	1.19956 (8)	0.0149 (2)
C(4)	0.62125 (16)	0.47193 (15)	1.12960 (8)	0.0119 (2)
C(5)	0.74388 (16)	0.41182 (14)	1.03902 (8)	0.0105 (2)
C(6)	0.53722 (17)	0.65040 (15)	1.14652 (8)	0.0146 (2)
C(7)	0.57568 (17)	0.76438 (14)	1.07635 (9)	0.0150 (2)
C(8)	0.69577 (17)	0.70710 (14)	0.98534 (8)	0.0128 (2)
C(9)	0.77592 (16)	0.53372 (14)	0.96660 (8)	0.0104 (2)
C(10)	0.94877 (16)	0.54862 (14)	0.80119 (8)	0.0111 (2)
C(11)	1.05243 (16)	0.46773 (14)	0.71172 (8)	0.0109 (2)
C(16)	1.09174 (16)	0.28530 (14)	0.69891 (8)	0.0106 (2)
C(15)	1.19770 (17)	0.21966 (14)	0.60378 (8)	0.0118 (2)
C(14)	1.25470 (16)	0.32146 (14)	0.53118 (8)	0.0118 (2)
C(13)	1.20940 (16)	0.49959 (14)	0.54743 (8)	0.0114 (2)
C(12)	1.11163 (16)	0.57250 (14)	0.63530 (8)	0.0114 (2)
C(17)	0.72759 (19)	-0.02464 (16)	0.68811 (9)	0.0184 (2)
H(1)	0.8725	0.0177	1.0721	0.018*
H(2)	0.6749	0.0946	1.2238	0.019*
H(3)	0.5055	0.3897	1.2617	0.018*
H(4)	0.4564	0.6860	1.2066	0.018*
H(5)	0.5203	0.8855	1.0900	0.018*
H(6)	0.7140	0.7905	0.9363	0.015*
H(7)	0.9237	0.3548	0.8700	0.012*
H(8)	0.9221	0.6724	0.8071	0.013*
H(10)	1.3178	0.2802	0.4703	0.014*
H(9)	1.0851	0.6895	0.6459	0.014*
H(11)	0.6033	0.0671	0.6913	0.022*
H(12)	0.6853	-0.1289	0.6783	0.022*
H(13)	0.8203	-0.0129	0.6303	0.022*
H(14)	0.8844	0.0234	0.7709	0.021*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cl(2)	0.02066 (16)	0.00883 (14)	0.01551 (14)	-0.00396 (10)	0.00090 (10)	-0.00332 (10)
Cl(1)	0.01419 (14)	0.01408 (14)	0.01329 (14)	-0.00503 (10)	-0.00052 (10)	0.00295 (10)
O(1)	0.0180 (4)	0.0099 (3)	0.0130 (3)	-0.0053 (3)	-0.0011 (3)	-0.0001 (2)

## supplementary materials

---

O(2)	0.0235 (4)	0.0142 (4)	0.0197 (4)	-0.0104 (3)	-0.0062 (3)	0.0020 (3)
N(1)	0.0115 (4)	0.0102 (4)	0.0138 (4)	-0.0022 (3)	-0.0018 (3)	-0.0008 (3)
N(2)	0.0114 (4)	0.0082 (4)	0.0114 (4)	-0.0023 (3)	-0.0015 (3)	-0.0019 (3)
C(1)	0.0127 (5)	0.0123 (5)	0.0171 (5)	-0.0012 (4)	-0.0018 (4)	0.0009 (4)
C(2)	0.0153 (5)	0.0181 (5)	0.0141 (5)	-0.0044 (4)	-0.0017 (4)	0.0046 (4)
C(3)	0.0126 (5)	0.0200 (5)	0.0117 (5)	-0.0043 (4)	-0.0011 (4)	0.0001 (4)
C(4)	0.0102 (4)	0.0148 (5)	0.0114 (4)	-0.0038 (4)	-0.0026 (3)	-0.0019 (4)
C(5)	0.0089 (4)	0.0113 (5)	0.0117 (4)	-0.0027 (3)	-0.0029 (3)	-0.0015 (3)
C(6)	0.0131 (5)	0.0164 (5)	0.0136 (5)	-0.0031 (4)	-0.0004 (4)	-0.0057 (4)
C(7)	0.0148 (5)	0.0110 (5)	0.0187 (5)	-0.0025 (4)	-0.0018 (4)	-0.0054 (4)
C(8)	0.0131 (4)	0.0114 (5)	0.0145 (5)	-0.0041 (4)	-0.0026 (4)	-0.0012 (3)
C(9)	0.0087 (4)	0.0118 (5)	0.0111 (4)	-0.0030 (3)	-0.0019 (3)	-0.0021 (3)
C(10)	0.0108 (4)	0.0099 (4)	0.0135 (4)	-0.0031 (3)	-0.0034 (3)	-0.0010 (3)
C(11)	0.0107 (4)	0.0101 (4)	0.0123 (4)	-0.0030 (3)	-0.0028 (3)	-0.0006 (3)
C(16)	0.0104 (4)	0.0104 (4)	0.0116 (4)	-0.0032 (3)	-0.0029 (3)	-0.0004 (3)
C(15)	0.0121 (4)	0.0090 (4)	0.0144 (5)	-0.0028 (3)	-0.0024 (3)	-0.0027 (3)
C(14)	0.0107 (4)	0.0132 (5)	0.0115 (4)	-0.0031 (4)	-0.0015 (3)	-0.0024 (3)
C(13)	0.0109 (4)	0.0121 (4)	0.0119 (4)	-0.0043 (3)	-0.0026 (3)	0.0027 (3)
C(12)	0.0113 (4)	0.0088 (4)	0.0145 (5)	-0.0030 (3)	-0.0032 (3)	-0.0001 (3)
C(17)	0.0188 (5)	0.0170 (5)	0.0199 (5)	-0.0049 (4)	-0.0043 (4)	-0.0017 (4)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

Cl(2)—C(15)	1.7350 (11)	C(11)—C(12)	1.4220 (15)
Cl(1)—C(13)	1.7411 (11)	C(16)—C(15)	1.4446 (14)
O(1)—C(16)	1.2714 (14)	C(15)—C(14)	1.3650 (16)
O(2)—C(17)	1.4193 (16)	C(14)—C(13)	1.4114 (15)
N(1)—C(1)	1.3172 (15)	C(13)—C(12)	1.3631 (14)
N(1)—C(5)	1.3690 (13)	O(2)—H(14)	0.820
N(2)—C(9)	1.4088 (13)	N(2)—H(7)	0.856
N(2)—C(10)	1.3107 (14)	C(1)—H(1)	0.920
C(1)—C(2)	1.4179 (15)	C(2)—H(2)	0.923
C(2)—C(3)	1.3649 (16)	C(3)—H(3)	0.980
C(3)—C(4)	1.4214 (16)	C(6)—H(4)	0.933
C(4)—C(5)	1.4184 (14)	C(7)—H(5)	0.965
C(4)—C(6)	1.4166 (15)	C(8)—H(6)	0.965
C(5)—C(9)	1.4261 (15)	C(10)—H(8)	0.975
C(6)—C(7)	1.3709 (16)	C(14)—H(10)	0.915
C(7)—C(8)	1.4122 (15)	C(12)—H(9)	0.929
C(8)—C(9)	1.3798 (15)	C(17)—H(11)	0.973
C(10)—C(11)	1.4130 (14)	C(17)—H(12)	0.996
C(11)—C(16)	1.4431 (16)	C(17)—H(13)	0.967
C(1)—N(1)—C(5)	117.32 (9)	C(14)—C(13)—C(12)	121.14 (10)
C(9)—N(2)—C(10)	126.88 (9)	C(11)—C(12)—C(13)	119.52 (10)
N(1)—C(1)—C(2)	123.85 (10)	C(17)—O(2)—H(14)	108.2
C(1)—C(2)—C(3)	119.18 (11)	C(9)—N(2)—H(7)	117.1
C(2)—C(3)—C(4)	119.30 (9)	C(10)—N(2)—H(7)	116.0
C(3)—C(4)—C(5)	117.05 (9)	N(1)—C(1)—H(1)	117.0
C(3)—C(4)—C(6)	123.46 (9)	C(2)—C(1)—H(1)	119.1

C(5)—C(4)—C(6)	119.49 (10)	C(1)—C(2)—H(2)	119.7
N(1)—C(5)—C(4)	123.28 (10)	C(3)—C(2)—H(2)	120.8
N(1)—C(5)—C(9)	118.02 (9)	C(2)—C(3)—H(3)	124.5
C(4)—C(5)—C(9)	118.70 (9)	C(4)—C(3)—H(3)	116.2
C(4)—C(6)—C(7)	120.33 (9)	C(4)—C(6)—H(4)	117.5
C(6)—C(7)—C(8)	121.05 (9)	C(7)—C(6)—H(4)	122.2
C(7)—C(8)—C(9)	119.58 (10)	C(6)—C(7)—H(5)	119.1
N(2)—C(9)—C(5)	115.40 (9)	C(8)—C(7)—H(5)	119.9
N(2)—C(9)—C(8)	123.77 (10)	C(7)—C(8)—H(6)	118.9
C(5)—C(9)—C(8)	120.81 (9)	C(9)—C(8)—H(6)	121.4
N(2)—C(10)—C(11)	122.74 (10)	N(2)—C(10)—H(8)	118.8
C(10)—C(11)—C(16)	120.40 (10)	C(11)—C(10)—H(8)	118.4
C(10)—C(11)—C(12)	117.76 (10)	C(15)—C(14)—H(10)	122.9
C(16)—C(11)—C(12)	121.83 (9)	C(13)—C(14)—H(10)	117.2
O(1)—C(16)—C(11)	122.66 (9)	C(11)—C(12)—H(9)	119.8
O(1)—C(16)—C(15)	122.74 (10)	C(13)—C(12)—H(9)	120.6
C(11)—C(16)—C(15)	114.60 (9)	O(2)—C(17)—H(11)	115.5
Cl(2)—C(15)—C(16)	117.70 (8)	O(2)—C(17)—H(12)	108.9
Cl(2)—C(15)—C(14)	119.29 (8)	O(2)—C(17)—H(13)	112.0
C(16)—C(15)—C(14)	123.00 (10)	H(11)—C(17)—H(12)	103.0
C(15)—C(14)—C(13)	119.89 (9)	H(11)—C(17)—H(13)	109.7
Cl(1)—C(13)—C(14)	118.23 (7)	H(12)—C(17)—H(13)	107.0
Cl(1)—C(13)—C(12)	120.63 (8)		
C(1)—N(1)—C(5)—C(4)	0.26 (18)	C(6)—C(7)—C(8)—C(9)	-0.04 (15)
C(1)—N(1)—C(5)—C(9)	179.81 (11)	C(7)—C(8)—C(9)—N(2)	176.74 (11)
C(5)—N(1)—C(1)—C(2)	0.84 (19)	C(7)—C(8)—C(9)—C(5)	-1.86 (19)
C(9)—N(2)—C(10)—C(11)	-176.33 (11)	N(2)—C(10)—C(11)—C(16)	1.95 (18)
C(10)—N(2)—C(9)—C(5)	-175.47 (11)	N(2)—C(10)—C(11)—C(12)	-179.38 (11)
C(10)—N(2)—C(9)—C(8)	5.9 (2)	C(10)—C(11)—C(16)—O(1)	-0.39 (18)
N(1)—C(1)—C(2)—C(3)	-1.1 (2)	C(10)—C(11)—C(16)—C(15)	179.62 (10)
C(1)—C(2)—C(3)—C(4)	0.22 (19)	C(10)—C(11)—C(12)—C(13)	-179.06 (11)
C(2)—C(3)—C(4)—C(5)	0.77 (18)	C(16)—C(11)—C(12)—C(13)	-0.41 (17)
C(2)—C(3)—C(4)—C(6)	-178.65 (12)	C(12)—C(11)—C(16)—O(1)	-179.01 (11)
C(3)—C(4)—C(5)—N(1)	-1.05 (18)	C(12)—C(11)—C(16)—C(15)	1.00 (16)
C(3)—C(4)—C(5)—C(9)	179.40 (11)	O(1)—C(16)—C(15)—Cl(2)	0.90 (16)
C(3)—C(4)—C(6)—C(7)	178.72 (12)	O(1)—C(16)—C(15)—C(14)	179.36 (11)
C(5)—C(4)—C(6)—C(7)	-0.68 (19)	C(11)—C(16)—C(15)—Cl(2)	-179.10 (8)
C(6)—C(4)—C(5)—N(1)	178.39 (11)	C(11)—C(16)—C(15)—C(14)	-0.64 (17)
C(6)—C(4)—C(5)—C(9)	-1.16 (18)	Cl(2)—C(15)—C(14)—C(13)	178.14 (9)
N(1)—C(5)—C(9)—N(2)	4.16 (16)	C(16)—C(15)—C(14)—C(13)	-0.30 (18)
N(1)—C(5)—C(9)—C(8)	-177.13 (11)	C(15)—C(14)—C(13)—Cl(1)	-179.04 (9)
C(4)—C(5)—C(9)—N(2)	-176.26 (11)	C(15)—C(14)—C(13)—C(12)	0.97 (18)
C(4)—C(5)—C(9)—C(8)	2.45 (18)	Cl(1)—C(13)—C(12)—C(11)	179.40 (9)
C(4)—C(6)—C(7)—C(8)	1.31 (19)	C(14)—C(13)—C(12)—C(11)	-0.61 (17)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O2—H14···O1	0.820	1.950	2.7694 (14)	179

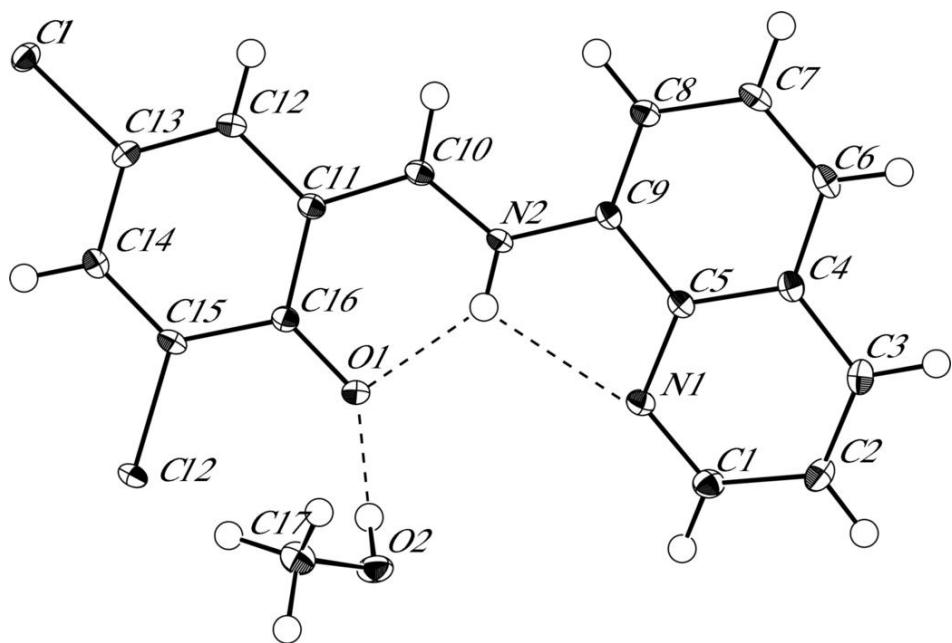
## supplementary materials

---

N2—H7···O1	0.856	1.916	2.6094 (12)	137
N2—H7···N1	0.856	2.284	2.6758 (13)	108
C8—H6···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.965	2.699	3.6425 (14)	166
C10—H8···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.975	2.268	3.2026 (13)	160

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y+1, z$ .

Fig. 1



## supplementary materials

---

Fig. 2

